

33.Occupational Therapy Service

These forms are designed to be used by both hospital personnel and external surveyors. The following information must be provided after each survey, before submitting the completed survey forms.

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1.NAME OF HOSPITAL/CLINIC/FACILITY:	
2. BASELINE/INTERNAL SURVEY INFORMATION:	
Post and position held:	ent:
3. EXTERNAL SURVEY INFORMATION:	
Name of external surveyor:	
Date of external survey:	
GUIDE TO COM	PLETION OF FORM
N.B. Hospital staff are please to use BLACK ink a	t all times. The external surveyors are requested to
use RED ink at all times.	
Please circle the rated compliance with the criterio (Partially compliant), C (Compliant).	on, e.g. NA (Not applicable), NC (Non-compliant), PC
The default category affected is designated on the each criterion as follows: 1. patient and staff safety 2. legality 3. patient care 4. efficiency 5. structure 6. basic management 7. basic process 8. evaluation The seriousness of the default is designated on the form for each criterion as follows: 1. mild 2. moderate 3. serious 4. very serious	
	Documents Checked Surveyor: Surveyor:

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33.1 Management of the Service

33.1.1 Standard

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The occupational therapy service is managed to ensure the provision of a safe and effective service.

Standard Intent: Departmental and service managers are primarily responsible for ensuring that the mission of the organisation is met through the provision of management and leadership at departmental level. Good departmental or service performances require clear leadership from a suitably qualified individual. The responsibilities of each staff member in the department are defined in writing; each one signs their own document to show that they are in agreement with their job description/performance agreement. Documents prepared by each department define its goals, as well as identifying current and planned services. Lines of communication within each department are documented to ensure clear accountability. Departmental policies and procedures are essential. They give the personnel the guidance they require to carry out the functions of the department and it is important that there is a system for making sure that departmental policies and procedures are known, understood and implemented. Policies may be standardised for similar departments or be unique to the particular department. They need to be available, indexed, signed and dated; they also need the authority of the organisational leaders.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 33.1.1.1	A designated individual is	
Critical:	responsible for the occupational therapy service.	
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency	coodpanional inotapy convices	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 33.1.1.2	The occupational therapy	
Critical:	service manager ensures that policies and procedures are	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	available to guide the	
Compliance	personnel and that they are implemented.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 33.1.1.3	The manager plans and	
Critical:	implements an effective organisational structure to	
Catg: Basic Process + Efficiency	support his/her	
Compliance	responsibilities and authority.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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Criterion 33.1.1.4	The responsibilities of the	
Critical:	manager are defined in writing.	
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency	withing.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 33.1.1.5	The manager ensures that	
Critical:	there is a documented wellness programme in place	
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety	for the staff within the department.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

33.2 Facilities and Equipment

33.2.1 Standard

The service has adequate facilities and serviceable equipment to meet the treatment needs of the population served.

Standard Intent: Departmental managers need to work closely with organisational managers to ensure that facilities and equipment are adequate.

Departmental managers keep organisational managers informed of inadequate facilities, additional equipment requirements and the current state of facilities and equipment.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 33.2.1.1	There is adequate space for	
Critical:	occupational therapists to treat patients effectively.	
Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct	dicat panomo onconvery.	
Compliance	1	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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Criterion 33.2.1.2 Critical: Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct Compliance	Adequate and relevant equipment and consumables are available to provide an effective service.	
NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 33.2.1.3 Critical: Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	There is adequate space for the storage of equipment and consumables.	
Criterion 33.2.1.4 Critical: Catg: Basic Management + Physical Struct Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	Privacy is ensured through private cubicles, curtains or screens.	

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33.3 Policies and Procedures

33.3.1 Standard

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Policies and procedures guide the management and patient care in the department.

Standard Intent: As indicated in 33.1.1, departmental policies and procedures are essential. They give the personnel the guidance they require to carry out the functions of the department and it is important that there is a system for making sure that departmental policies and procedures are known, understood and implemented. Policies may be standardised for similar departments or be unique to the particular department. They need to be available, indexed, signed and dated; they also need the authority of the organisational leaders.

Clinical policies and procedures guide professional personnel in providing uniform care to patients. Clinical guidelines are frequently helpful and may be included in the process. Monitoring provides the information needed to ensure that the policies and procedures are adequately implemented and followed for all relevant patients and services.

It is particularly important that the policies or procedures indicate:

- how planning will occur
- the documentation required for the care team to work effectively
- special consent considerations
- monitoring requirements
- special qualifications or skills of the personnel involved in the care process.

Policies and procedures should focus on patients and procedures, e.g.

- referral systems
- assessment methods
- · high risk patients and procedures
- treatment protocols, and
- treatment techniques and equipment.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 33.3.1.1	Policies and procedures are	
Critical:	available to guide the personnel in the management	
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency	and clinical aspects of the occupational therapy service.	
Compliance	' ' '	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 33.3.1.2	Policies and procedures are	
Critical:	signed by persons authorised to do so.	
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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Criterion 33.3.1.3	Policies and procedures are	
Critical:	compiled into a comprehensive manual,	
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency	which is indexed and easily accessible to all staff	
Compliance	members.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 33.3.1.4	Each policy and procedure is	
Critical:	reviewed.	
Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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33.4 Coordination of Patient Care

33.4.1 Standard

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The delivery of services is integrated and coordinated amongst care providers.

Standard Intent: The coordination of patient care depends on the exchange of information between the members of the multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary team. This can be through verbal, written or electronic means according to appropriate policies determined by the organisation. Clinical leaders should use techniques to better integrate and co-ordinate care for their patients (for example, team-delivered care, multi-departmental patient care rounds, combined care planning forums, integrated patient records, case managers).

The patient, family and others are included in the decision process when appropriate.

The patient's record contains a history of all care provided by the multidisciplinary/interdisciplinary team and is made available to all relevant caregivers who are authorised to have access to its content.

Establishing goal-orientated rehabilitation in a general hospital setting can be very difficult. One of the two models below may be used, or they may be combined:

- 1. Multidisciplinary teams consist of various professionals treating the patient separately, usually with discipline-specific goals. Patient progress with regard to each discipline is communicated through documentation or at meetings for information exchange.
- 2. In the interdisciplinary model, each professional evaluates the patient and then interacts with the other professionals involved at team meetings where assessments are shared and goals are established. A unique rehabilitation plan is then developed. When this approach is used, the result is greater than just the total of the various components.

Rehabilitation has been defined as the development of a person to his or her fullest physical, psychological, social, vocational and educational potential, consistent with his or her impairment and the environmental limitations.

It usually requires five sub-components:

- a unique patient-centred plan formulated by the patient and the multidisciplinary team;
- the establishment of achievable goals
- patient participation to reach those goals
- this should result in the person reaching his/her potential
- outcomes need to be measured/demonstrated.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 33.4.1.1	There is a	
Critical:	multidisciplinary/interdisciplin ary approach to the	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	development and	
Compliance	implementation of a	
NA NC PC C	therapeutic programme.	
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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Criterion 33.4.1.2 Critical: Catg: Basic Management + Efficiency Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	The team consists of appropriately qualified personnel, including representatives from the medical, nursing, social work, occupational therapy, physiotherapy, clinical psychology and other disciplines, departments or services, as appropriate.	
Criterion 33.4.1.3 Critical: Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	The team members' responsibilities include the development and implementation of a comprehensive, individualised care plan for each patient, based on the assessment of the patient.	
Criterion 33.4.1.4 Critical: Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	The team conducts periodic re-evaluation of each patient's care plan to determine whether established goals are being or have been met and whether change in the patient's condition requires modification of goals.	
Criterion 33.4.1.5 Critical: Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	The team includes the patient and his/her family in the development and review of the care plan, as appropriate.	
Criterion 33.4.1.6 Critical: Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	The multidisciplinary/interdisciplin ary team meets regularly to coordinate patient care.	

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33.4.2 Standard

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All patients treated by occupational therapists have their healthcare needs identified through an established assessment process.

Standard Intent: The assessment process needs to be planned and implemented to provide uniform assessments for all patients. Guidelines aid the implementation of uniform assessment processes. These are often available from the professional society. The assessment process will be modified to meet the needs of each patient. Regular re-assessments of patients ensure that the continuing care plans are suited to the needs of the patients and are essential to justify the treatment plan and on-going care.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 33.4.2.1	Only those individuals	
Critical:	permitted by applicable laws and regulations or by	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	registration perform the	
Compliance	assessments.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 33.4.2.2	The findings of assessments	
Critical:	performed outside the organisation are verified on	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	admission.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		
Criterion 33.4.2.3	Patients are reassessed at	
Critical: D	intervals appropriate to their conditions, care plans,	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	individual needs or according	
Compliance	to organisational policies and procedures.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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33.4.3 Standard

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The care provided to each patient is planned and written in the patient's record.

Standard Intent: Professional personnel have a responsibility to ensure that they are employing up-to-date methods for diagnosis and management which are broadly consistent with those of other practitioners of the same profession.

Clinical practice guidelines provide a means for improving quality and they assist practitioners and patients in making clinical decisions. Guidelines are found in the literature under many names, including practice parameters, practice guidelines, patient care protocols, standards of practice. Regardless of the source, the scientific basis of guidelines should be reviewed and approved by organisational leaders and clinical practitioners before implementation. This ensures that they meet the criteria established by the leaders and are adapted to the community, patient needs and organisational resources. Once implemented, guidelines are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure their continued relevance.

Adequate medical records are essential for maintaining continuity of care, professional development and medico-legal protection.

	Criterion	Comments
	Citterion	Recommendations
Criterion 33.4.3.1 Critical: Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	Clinical practice guidelines, relevant to the patients and services of the organisation, are used to guide patient care processes.	TCCOMMENTATIONS
Criterion 33.4.3.2 Critical: Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious	The implementation of guidelines is monitored as part of a structured clinical audit.	
Criterion 33.4.3.3 Critical: Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency Compliance NA NC PC C Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious	Guidelines are reviewed and adapted on a regular basis.	

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33.5 Patient and Family Education

33.5.1 Standard

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Education supports patient and family participation in care decisions and care processes.

Standard Intent: Learning occurs when attention is paid to the methods used to educate patients and families. The organisation selects appropriate educational methods and people to provide the education.

Staff collaboration helps to ensure that the information patients and families receive is comprehensive, consistent and as effective as possible.

Education is focused on the specific knowledge and skills that the patient and his or her family will need to make care decisions, participate in care and continue care at home.

Variables like educational literacy, beliefs and limitations are taken into account. Each organisation decides the placement and format for educational assessment, planning and delivery of information in the patient's record.

Education is provided to support care decisions of patients and families. In addition, when a patient or family directly participates in providing care they need to be educated.

It is sometimes important that patients and families are made aware of any financial implications associated with care choices, such as choosing to remain an inpatient rather than being an outpatient.

Education in areas that carry high risk to patients is routinely provided by the organisation, for instance instruction in the safe and effective use of medications and medical equipment.

Community organisations that support health promotion and disease prevention education are identified and, when possible, on-going relationships are established.

The service has a range of health promotion information materials and resources specific to the particular patient population. Health information provided is recorded to ensure follow-up and to reduce medico-legal risks.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 33.5.1.1	Patients and families indicate	
Critical:	that they have been informed about participation in the care	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 2 Moderate		
Criterion 33.5.1.2	Patients and families indicate	
Critical:	that they have been informed about any financial	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	implications of care decisions.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 2 Moderate		

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Criterion 33.5.1.3 Critical: Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care Compliance	Patients indicate that they have been informed about relevant high health risks, e.g. the safe use of medical equipment.	
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 33.5.1.4	Interaction between personnel, the patient and the family is noted in the patient's	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	record.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 3 Serious		

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33.6 Quality Improvement

33.6.1 Standard

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A formalised proactive quality improvement approach is maintained in the service.

Standard Intent: This refers to the implementation of organisational quality improvement processes (Service Element 8).

It is the responsibility of management of the organisation to ensure that standards are set throughout the organisation. Within each department or service, it is the responsibility of managers to ensure that standards are set for the particular department. This requires coordination with the organisation's central/management/coordinating quality management structures or systems. Departmental managers use available data and information to identify priority areas for quality monitoring and improvement.

Quality monitoring could include:

- a) patient assessment
- b) the success of occupational therapy procedures carried out c) the availability, contents and use of patient records d) patient and family expectations and satisfaction. The following will be evaluated:
- problems identified in this service for which quality improvement activities were initiated
- the processes put in place to resolve the problems
- identification of indicators to measure improvement
- the tool(s) used to evaluate these indicators
- the monitoring of these indicators and corrective steps taken when goals were not achieved, and
- graphed and/or tabled results, as appropriate.

	Criterion	Comments	
		Recommendations	
Criterion 33.6.1.1	There are formalised quality		
Critical:	improvement processes for the service that have been developed and agreed upon by the personnel of the service.		
Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency			
Compliance			
NA NC PC C			
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious			
Criterion 33.6.1.2	Indicators of performance are		
Critical:	identified to evaluate the quality of treatment and patient care.		
Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency			
Compliance			
NA NC PC C			
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious			

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Criterion 33.6.1.3	The quality improvement	
Critical:	cycle includes the monitoring and evaluation of the standards set and the remedial action implemented.	
Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 33.6.1.4	A documentation audit	
Critical:	system is in place.	
Catg: Evaluation + Efficiency		
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

33.7 Patient Rights

33.7.1 Standard

The department/service implements processes that support patient and family rights during care.

Standard Intent: This refers to the implementation of organisational policies on patient and family rights (Service Element 5).

Compliance will be verified during observation of patient care processes, patient record audits and patient interviews.

	Criterion	Comments
		Recommendations
Criterion 33.7.1.1	There are processes that	
Critical:	support patient and family rights during care.	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	, ,	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		
Criterion 33.7.1.2	Measures are taken to protect	
Critical:	the patient's privacy, person and possessions.	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care	and peoceenene.	
Compliance		
NA NC PC C		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		

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Criterion 3	33.7.1.3			The personnel respect the	
Critical:				rights of patients and families to treatment and to refuse	
Catg: Basic Process + Patient Care			tient Care	l	
Compliance					
NA	NC	PC	С		
Default Sev Very Serior		NC or	PC = 4		

33.8 Prevention and Control of Infection

33.8.1 Standard

The department/service implements infection prevention and control processes.

Standard Intent: This refers to the implementation of organisational processes for infection prevention and control (Service Element 9).

	Criterion	Comments	
		Recommendations	
Criterion 33.8.1.1	The department identifies the procedures and processes associated with the risk of infection and implements strategies to reduce risk.		
Critical:			
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety			
Compliance			
NA NC PC C			
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious			
Criterion 33.8.1.2	Infection control processes include prevention of the spread of communicable diseases.		
Critical:			
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety			
Compliance			
NA NC PC C			
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious			
Criterion 33.8.1.3	Infection control processes		
Critical:	include prevention of the spread of infection through use of testing and rehabilitation equipment.		
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety			
Compliance			
NA NC PC C			
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious			

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33.9 Risk Management

33.9.1 Standard

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The department/service implements risk management processes.

Standard Intent: This refers to the implementation of organisational risk management processes (Service Element 7).

	Criterion	Comments	
		Recommendations	
Criterion 33.9.1.1	The department conducts on- going monitoring of risks through documented assessments as part of the organisational risk		
Critical:			
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety			
Compliance	management processes.		
NA NC PC C			
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious			
Criterion 33.9.1.2	A system for monitoring		
Critical:	incidents/near misses/sentinel/adverse		
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety	events is available and includes the documentation of		
Compliance	interventions and responses		
NA NC PC C	to recorded incidents.		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious			
Criterion 33.9.1.3	Security measures are in		
Critical:	place and implemented to		
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety	ensure the safety of patients, personnel and visitors.		
Compliance			
NA NC PC C			
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious			
Criterion 33.9.1.4	Fire safety measures are		
Critical:	implemented.		
Catg: Basic Process + Pat & Staff Safety			
Compliance			
NA NC PC C			
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious			

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Criterion 3	3.9.1.5			The organisation's policy on	
Critical:				handling, storing and disposing of healthcare waste	
Catg: Basic Safety	Proces	s + Pat	& Staff	is implemented.	
Compliance					
NA	NC	PC	С		
Default Severity for NC or PC = 4 Very Serious		PC = 4			

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